

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Title Page

Table of Contents

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis

i - v

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

1

Statement of Activities

2

Balance Sheet – All Governmental Funds

3

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –
All Governmental Funds

4

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of
Activities

5

Notes to the Financial Statements

6 – 23

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

24

Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share

25

Schedule of the School's Contributions

26

FINANCIAL SECTION



JOHN CUTLER & ASSOCIATES

Board of Directors
Downtown Denver Expeditionary School
Denver, Colorado

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School, component unit of the Denver Public School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, schedule of the school's proportionate share, and schedule of the school's contributions on pages 24-26 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

John Luttrell & Associates, LLC

September 8, 2016

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School (DDES), we offer readers of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's financial statements our narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of DDES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

The year ended June 30, 2016 is the third year with students for DDES. As of June 30, 2016, net position decreased by (\$124,996) to (\$397,991). This negative balance is the result of the implementation of regulations under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) Number 68. Further information about GASB 68 is provided in Note 6 of the financial statements.

At the close of the fiscal year, Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$551,810.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's basic financial statements. Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected grant expenses and earned but unpaid salary and benefits).

The government-wide statement of activities distinguishes functions/programs of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School supported primarily by Per Pupil Revenue or other revenues passed through from the District (Denver Public Schools). The governmental activities of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School include instruction and supporting services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Downtown Denver Expeditionary School, like other governmental units or schools, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 3-4 of this report.

Downtown Denver Expeditionary School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements for the school's governmental fund has been provided on page 24 of this report to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This information is provided in pages 6-23.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School's financial position. In the case of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School, liabilities exceeded assets resulting in a Net Position of (\$397,991) in FY 2015-2016. Again, this is directly related to the new pension liability reporting requirement under GASB 68.

Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's Net Position Governmental Activities

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$644,303	\$363,580
Cash Held by the District	-	37,549
Accounts Receivable	8,438	36,116
Inventory	1,600	3,008
Prepaid Expenses	25,379	2,221
Capital Assets, Net of Accum Depreciation	92,657	102,106
Total Assets	772,377	544,580
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	939,905	265,486
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	49	3,529
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	127,861	84,316
Unearned Revenue	-	10,926
Noncurrent Liability – Net Pension Liability	1,782,596	984,113
Total Liabilities	1,910,506	1,082,884
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	199,767	177
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	92,657	102,106
Restricted for Emergencies	91,000	48,712
Unrestricted	(581,648)	(423,813)
Total Net Position	(397,991)	(\$272,995)

The largest portion of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's assets is in cash and investments – 83% in 2016.

**Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities**

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Program Revenue:		
Charges for Services	\$200,111	\$238,747
Operating Grants and Contributions	210,892	445,122
Capital Grants and Contributions	43,362	21,898
Total Program Revenue	454,365	705,767
General Revenue:		
Per Pupil Revenue	2,404,544	1,736,461
Mill Levy Revenue	311,152	229,156
Other Income	94,768	26,886
Total General Revenue	2,810,464	1,992,503
Total Revenue	3,264,829	2,698,270
Expenses:		
Current:		
Instruction	2,367,634	1,571,011
Supporting Services	1,022,191	931,793
Total Expenses	3,389,825	2,502,804
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	(124,996)	195,466
Net Position, Beginning	(272,995)	(468,461)
Net Position, Ending	(\$397,991)	(\$272,995)

The largest portion of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's revenues came from per pupil revenue – 74%, respectively in 2016.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Downtown Denver Expeditionary School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$551,810, an increase of \$208,107 from prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School approves a final budget in May based on enrollment projections for the school year. In October, after enrollment stabilizes, adjustments are made to the budget. At year-end, the school had some variances between its final budgeted and actual activities. On the revenue side, the school recognized \$49,317 in additional revenues primarily due to increases in student count and grants and donations – compared to the original budget. On the expense side, expenses remained \$56,401 under the final budget in an effort to remain compliant with Statute and to build the reserve for future growth. One budget amendment was made during the 2015-2016 year.

Capital Assets & Long-Term Debt

Downtown Denver Expeditionary School has invested in busses as capital assets during its first three years of operation. Depreciation expenses for capital assets are booked under the Supporting expenses of the school operations. Downtown Denver Expeditionary School does not have long-term debt obligations.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The primary factor driving the budget for Downtown Denver Expeditionary School is student enrollment. Enrollment for the 2015-2016 school year was 335.48 funded students. This information was analyzed as part of the 2016-2017 budget which is projecting a funded student count of 386.

Additionally, in June 2015, Denver Public Schools approved the DDES application to expand into a middle school which is projected to open in FY2017-2018. This expansion will most likely result in a new or additional facility to support the middle school, which may or may not include elementary programs. The Board of Directors is currently developing a facility plan to address the expansion.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Downtown Denver Expeditionary School's finances for all those with an interest in the School's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the school:

Downtown Denver Expeditionary School
1860 Lincoln Street
Denver, CO 80203

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 644,303	\$ 363,580
Cash Held by the District	-	37,549
Accounts Receivable	8,438	36,116
Inventory	1,600	3,008
Prepaid Expenses	25,379	2,221
Capital Assets, Net	92,657	102,106
	<u>772,377</u>	<u>544,580</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	939,905	265,486
	<u>939,905</u>	<u>265,486</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	49	3,529
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	127,861	84,316
Unearned Revenue	-	10,926
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Pension Liability	1,782,596	984,113
	<u>1,782,596</u>	<u>984,113</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>1,910,506</u>	<u>1,082,884</u>
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Related to Pensions	199,767	177
	<u>199,767</u>	<u>177</u>
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	92,657	102,106
Restricted for Emergencies	91,000	48,712
Unrestricted	(581,648)	(423,813)
	<u>(581,648)</u>	<u>(423,813)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ (397,991)</u>	<u>\$ (272,995)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2016

	GENERAL FUND	
	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 644,303	\$ 363,580
Cash Held by District	-	37,549
Accounts Receivable	8,438	36,116
Inventory	1,600	3,008
Prepaid Expenses	25,379	2,221
	<u>\$ 679,720</u>	<u>\$ 442,474</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 49	\$ 3,529
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	127,861	84,316
Unearned Revenue	-	10,926
	<u>127,910</u>	<u>98,771</u>
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable	26,979	5,229
Restricted for Emergencies	91,000	48,712
Unassigned	433,831	289,762
	<u>551,810</u>	<u>343,703</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	92,657	102,106
Long-term liabilities and related assets are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. This liability includes net pension liability (\$1,782,596), deferred outflows related to pensions \$939,905 and deferred inflows related to pensions (\$199,767).	<u>(1,042,458)</u>	<u>(718,804)</u>
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (397,991)</u>	<u>\$ (272,995)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>GENERAL FUND</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
REVENUES		
Local Sources	\$ 3,139,400	\$ 2,445,335
State and Federal Sources	<u>125,429</u>	<u>252,935</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>3,264,829</u>	<u>2,698,270</u>
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Instruction	2,073,387	1,478,602
Supporting Services	<u>983,335</u>	<u>995,161</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>3,056,722</u>	<u>2,473,763</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	208,107	224,507
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	<u>343,703</u>	<u>119,196</u>
FUND BALANCES, Ending	<u>\$ 551,810</u>	<u>\$ 343,703</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 208,107
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the depreciation expense in the current period.	(9,449)
Deferred Charges related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds. However, in the government-wide statements these amounts are capitalized and amortized.	<u>(323,654)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ (124,996)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Downtown Denver Expeditionary School (the “School”) was organized in 2013 pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act to form and operate a charter school within the Denver Public School District (the “District”) in the State of Colorado.

The accounting policies of the School conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. Following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the School and organizations for which the School is financially accountable. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the School. In addition, any legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the School appoints a voting majority of the organization’s governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on the School.

Based upon the application of these criteria, no additional organizations are includable in the School’s reporting entity. However, the School is a component unit of the Denver Public School District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the School. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, not to exceed 60 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The School reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund—This fund is the general operating fund of the School. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to the liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a futures period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position

Receivables – All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Inventory – Merchandise consisting of school sweatshirts and shirts that are purchased for resale to the students and remain unsold at year end are recorded as inventory.

Prepaid Expenses – Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid expense. An expenditure is reported in the year in which the services are consumed.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation has been provided over the following estimated useful lives of the capital assets using the straight-line method. Machinery, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated over 10 years.

Unearned Revenues – Unearned revenues include grants and contribution revenues that have been received but the corresponding expenditure that have not been incurred.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Net Position— The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.
- Restricted Net Position are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.
- Unrestricted Net Position represent assets that do not have any third party limitation on their use. While School management may have categorized and segmented a portion for various purposes, the School Board has the unrestricted right to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

Fund Balance Classification – The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable — amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School has classified its prepaid expenses and inventories as nonspendable as of June 30, 2016.
- Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School has classified Emergency Reserves as being restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

- Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The School did not have any committed resources as of June 30, 2016.
- Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The Unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The School would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources.

Compensated Absences

The School's policy allows employees to accumulate sick and vacation leave. However, any amounts accrued are not payable upon termination. Therefore, no liability for accumulated sick leave or vacation is reported in the financial statements.

Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School carries commercial coverage for these risks of loss. The School has not had any claims that exceeded the insured amounts for the last three years.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the School's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has not been presented since its inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is adopted for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

School management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget is adopted by the Board of Directors by June 1. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions must be approved by the Board of Directors. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. At June 30, 2016, State regulatory commissioners have indicated that all financial institutions holding deposits for the School are eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 3: *CASH AND INVESTMENTS* (Continued)

The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The School has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2016, the School had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount of \$644,303. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$690,225. Of these balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$440,225 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the financial institution's name (PDPA).

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

The School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Colorado statutes specify in which instruments units of local government may invest, which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government Agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Local government investment pools
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

The School had no investments at June 30, 2016.

The School has no policy for managing credit risk.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is summarized below:

	Balance <u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2016</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Depreciated				
Vehicles and Equipment	\$ 110,632	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 110,632
Accumulated Depreciation				
Vehicles and Equipment	8,526	9,449	-	17,975
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 102,106</u>	<u>\$ 9,449</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 92,657</u>

Depreciation has been charged to supporting services program of the School.

NOTE 5: ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from August to July, but are earned during a school year of nine months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, as of June 30, 2016, were \$127,861 in the General Fund.

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The School participates in the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPS Division), a single-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the DPS Division have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPS Division)—a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: **PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve for the DPS Division.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions. Eligible employees and the School are required to contribute to the DPS Division at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2014	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015
Employer Contribution Rate	10.15%	10.15%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the DPS HCTF as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02%)	(1.02%)
PCOP Offset as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-412	(15.97%)	(15.54%)
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.20%	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.00%	4.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the DPS Division	1.36%	2.59%

¹Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42)

Employer contributions are recognized by the DPS Division in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the DPS Division. Employer contributions recognized by the DPS Division from School were \$48,069 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2016 the School reported a liability of \$1,782,596 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2015. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on School's contributions to the DPS Division for the calendar year 2015 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the DPS Division.

At December 31, 2015, the School's proportion was 0.21912%, which was an increase of 0.06155% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2014.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the School recognized pension expense of \$371,723. At June 30, 2016, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$80,267	\$232
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$402,253	N/A
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$427,092	\$199,535
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$30,293	N/A
Total	\$939,905	\$199,767

\$30,293 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2017	\$192,442
2018	\$192,442
2019	\$192,442
2020	\$132,047
2021	\$472

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Price inflation	2.80%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.90%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.90 – 10.10%
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.50%
Future post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic)	2.00%
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with Males set back 1 year, and Females set back 2 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, adopted by PERA’s Board on November 13, 2012, and an economic assumption study, adopted by PERA’s Board on November 15, 2013 and January 17, 2014.

Changes to assumptions or other inputs since the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation are as follows:

- The following programming changes were made:
 - Valuation of the full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
 - Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
 - Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
 - Refinement of the 18 month annual increase timing.
 - Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and pop-up benefit forms.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- The following methodology changes were made:
 - Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
 - Elimination of the assumption that 35% of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
 - Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
 - Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and unfunded actuarial accrued liability payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

The DPS Division’s long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the November 15, 2013 adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	26.76%	5.00%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	4.40%	5.19%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	22.06%	5.29%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	6.24%	6.76%
Core Fixed Income	24.05%	0.98%
High Yield	1.53%	2.64%
Long Duration Gov’t/Credit	0.53%	1.57%
Emerging Market Bonds	0.43%	3.04%
Real Estate	7.00%	5.09%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.15%
Total	100.00%	

* In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.50%.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: **PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.90%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law, including current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the Actuarial Value Funding Ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. As the ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases financed by the AIR are defined to have a present value at the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments equal to the amount transferred for their future payment, AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments have no impact on the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) determination process when the timing of AIR cash flows is not a factor (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted). When AIR cash flow timing is a factor in the SEIR determination process (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted), AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above actuarial cost method and assumptions, the DPS Division’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the School’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,790,400	\$1,782,596	\$946,462

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the DPS Division’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund

Plan Description – The School contributes to the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund ("DPS HCTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer healthcare trust administered by PERA. The DPS HCTF benefit provides a health care premium subsidy and health care programs (known as PERACare) to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, establishes the DPS HCTF and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of health care subsidies.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DPS HCTF. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The School is required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary for all PERA members as set by statute. No member contributions are required. The contribution requirements for the School are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the C.R.S., as amended. The apportionment of the contributions to the DPS HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f.5) of the C.R.S., as amended. For the years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 the School's contributions to the DPS HCTF were \$16,177, \$11,792 and \$7,375, respectively, equal to their required contributions for each year.

Taxable Pension Certificates of Participation (PCOPs)

The District issued Taxable Pension Certificates of Participation (PCOPs) on July 17, 1997 to fully fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of the Plan. Full funding of the UALL reduced the employer contribution rate from the full funding rate of 15.75% to the normal cost rate of 4.98%. This rate is based upon actuarially determined contribution requirements, the approval and recommendation of the Plan's Board and approval of the District's Board of Education. The School contributed 9.95%, 9.84% and 10.80% of covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively, to the District to cover its obligation relating to the PCOPs.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 the School made contributions totaling \$157,809, \$113,760 and \$78,086, respectively, to the District towards its PCOPs obligation.

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Facility Use Agreement

In July 2013, the School entered into a facility use agreement with the District. Under the terms of the agreement, the School is required to pay an annual use fee of \$775 per student. The facility use fee is payable in three installments, 25% in July and October and 50% in January of each fiscal year. As long as the School is not in default under the terms of the agreement it will remain in force concurrent with the School's charter contract.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School paid \$278,236 to the Districts under the terms of the agreement.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 7: **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES** (Continued)

Claims and Judgments

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2016, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited, but the School believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed the Tabor Amendment to the State Constitution, which limits state and local government tax powers and imposes spending limitations. Fiscal year 1993 provides the basis for limits in future years to which may be applied allowable increases for inflation and student enrollment. Revenue received in excess of the limitations may be required to be refunded. The School believes it has complied with the Amendment.

As required by the Amendment, the School has established a reserve for emergencies. At June 30, 2016, the reserve of \$91,000 was recorded as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund.

NOTE 8: **DEFICIT NET POSITION**

The net position of the governmental activities is in a deficit position of \$397,991 due to the School including its Net Pension Liability per the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

GENERAL FUND
 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
 Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2016			VARIANCE Positive (Negative)	2015 ACTUAL
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		
REVENUES					
Local Sources					
Per Pupil Revenue	\$ 2,445,559	\$ 2,385,867	\$ 2,404,544	\$ 18,677	\$ 1,736,461
Mill Levy Override	287,290	311,152	311,152	-	229,156
Tuition and Fees	227,970	230,000	200,111	(29,889)	238,747
Grants and Donations	50,000	50,000	128,825	78,825	214,085
Other	86,250	108,748	94,768	(13,980)	26,886
State and Federal Sources					
Grants and Donations	70,895	129,745	125,429	(4,316)	252,935
TOTAL REVENUES	3,167,964	3,215,512	3,264,829	49,317	2,698,270
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries	1,482,477	1,562,857	1,647,236	(84,379)	1,207,999
Employee Benefits	533,707	495,741	386,035	109,706	301,147
Purchased Services	760,757	794,978	825,748	(30,770)	658,492
Supplies and Materials	163,629	181,665	149,791	31,874	143,464
Property	36,396	31,754	35,178	(3,424)	148,892
Other	89,921	46,128	12,734	33,394	13,769
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,066,887	3,113,123	3,056,722	56,401	2,473,763
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	101,077	102,389	208,107	105,718	224,507
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	224,291	343,703	343,703	-	119,196
FUND BALANCE, Ending	<u>\$ 325,368</u>	<u>\$ 446,092</u>	<u>\$ 551,810</u>	<u>\$ 105,718</u>	<u>\$ 343,703</u>

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL
 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS DIVISION TRUST FUND

Years Ended December 31,

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.012%	0.016%	0.219%
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 622,329	\$ 984,113	\$ 1,782,596
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 326,283	\$ 928,623	\$ 1,371,100
School's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	190.7%	106.0%	130.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.3%	83.9%	79.3%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

DOWNTOWN DENVER EXPEDITIONARY SCHOOL

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S CONTRIBUTIONS
DENVER PUBLIC SCHOOLS DIVISION TRUST FUND

Years Ended June 30,

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 34,907	\$ 36,983	\$ 48,069
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contributions	<u>34,907</u>	<u>36,983</u>	<u>48,069</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 723,019	\$ 1,156,100	\$ 1,586,020
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.83%	3.20%	3.03%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.